



Hi Kids! Help me to learn and complete this sheet.

Name: _____

Date: _____

Present Continuous Tense

The **present continuous tense** is used for actions happening now or for an action that is unfinished. This tense is also used when the action is temporary.

How to use Present Continuous Tense in sentences

In Positive Sentences :

- Subject(Singular noun/Pronoun) + (is/am/are) + (verb+ing)

In negative Sentences :

- Subject(Singular noun/Pronoun) + (is/am/are) +NOT+ (verb+ing)

A. Complete these sentences with the simple present tense and the present continuous tense forms of the verbs in the brackets.

1. Tarun usually _____ by the school bus, but today he _____ by car. (go)
2. We generally _____ milk, but today we _____ tea. (drink)
3. Ranjit _____ rice everyday, but today he _____ chapattis. (eat)
4. The children usually _____ hide-and- seek but today they _____ cricket.(play)
5. Aruna usually _____ a sari to work , but today she _____ a salwar kameez.(wear).
6. Hemant _____ slowly, but today he _____ quite fast. (drive)
7. My mother _____ noodles on Sunday, but today she _____ pizzas. (make)
8. My aunt usually _____ the newspaper in the morning, but today she _____ a book.(read)

Past Continuous Tense

We use: was / were + -ing form of the verb

Example: I was walking in the garden.

They were watching a movie.

Fill in the blanks with the past continuous form of the verbs given in brackets:

1. Mother _____ in the kitchen when the guests came. (cook)
2. The baby _____ with its dolls when I entered the room. (play)
3. It _____ when I woke up. (rain)
4. Jia _____ the television when her friends came in. (watch)
5. Mona and Veena _____ to the market when I met them. (go)
6. The trains _____ late because of bad weather. (run)
7. The policeman fined the driver since he _____ the car rashly. (drive)
8. Rahul _____ a lot when he return from the field. (sweat)
9. Monali _____ the stray dogs in her neighbourhood when I saw her. (feed)
10. Jyoti and Suhana _____ behind the curtains while playing hide - and- seek. (hide)

Future Continuous Tense

We write : will be/ shall be + -ing form of the verb

Remember :

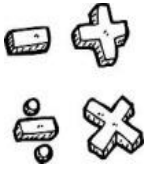
- We generally use 'shall' with ' I' and 'we'
- With all other pronouns and nouns , we use 'will'

Fill in the blanks with the future continuous tense of the verbs given in the brackets.

1. Manya _____ in the play. (act)
2. Father _____ the car. (drive)
3. Our train _____ the station soon. (reach)
4. We _____ to Delhi during our vacation. (go)
5. Mrs Verma _____ a new car this Diwali. (buy)
6. Nitu _____ a poem at the function. (recite)
7. They _____ for you at the movie hall. (wait)
8. Sonia _____ the mail in the evening. (send)
9. Jyoti _____ at the event. (sing)
10. We _____ saplings to celebrate the World Environment Day. (plant)

Teacher's Sign :

Grade:



**TAPOVAN INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL,
MAHESANA
STD -3
MATHEMATICS ENRICHMENT SHEET**

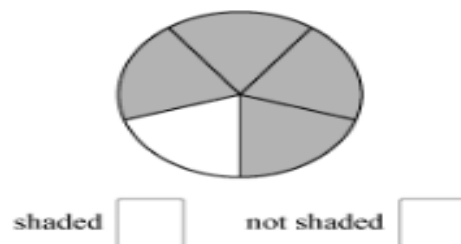
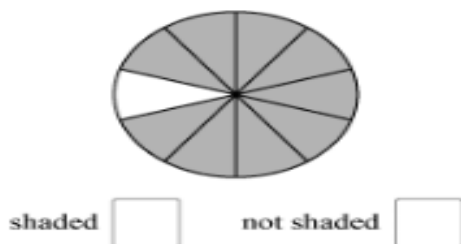
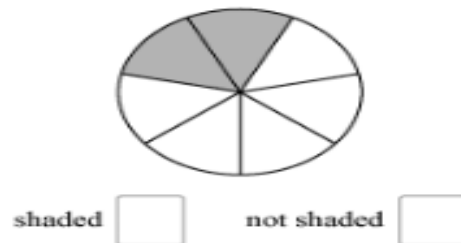
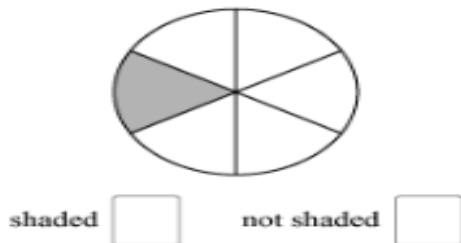
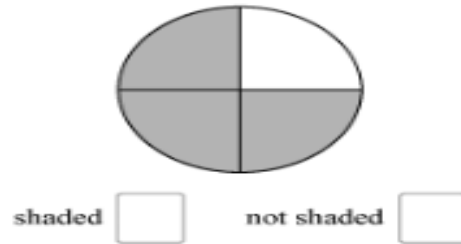
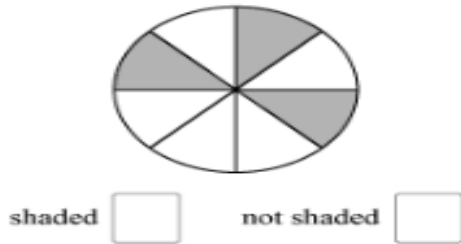


Hi! I'm **Creepy** the Caterpillar. Help me solve these questions.

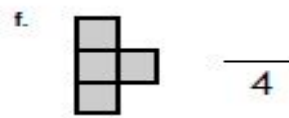
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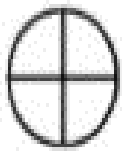
Q1. What fractions of the following shapes are shaded and not shaded?



Q2. What fraction of each shape is shaded? Write the missing numerator or denominator for each.



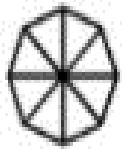
Q3. Shade the figure with the indicated fraction.



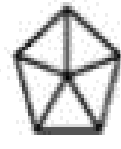
$$\frac{1}{4}$$



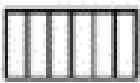
$$\frac{2}{6}$$



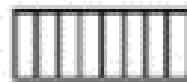
$$\frac{6}{8}$$



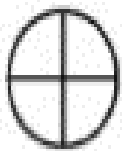
$$\frac{2}{5}$$



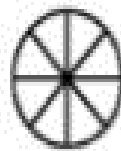
$$\frac{1}{6}$$



$$\frac{4}{8}$$



$$\frac{3}{4}$$



$$\frac{3}{8}$$

Q4. Complete the fraction equation for each.



$$\frac{1}{5} \text{ of } 5 = \underline{\quad}$$



$$\frac{1}{6} \text{ of } 12 = \underline{\quad}$$



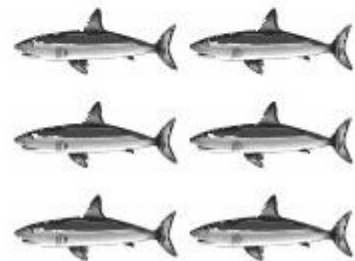
$$\frac{1}{3} \text{ of } 6 = \underline{\quad}$$



$$\frac{1}{5} \text{ of } 15 = \underline{\quad}$$



$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ of } 4 = \underline{\quad}$$



$$\frac{1}{6} \text{ of } 6 = \underline{\quad}$$

Teacher's sign: